AWFUL BUTCHERY

BY ARABI BEY'S MOSLEM SOLDIERS.

Terrible Scenes in the Streets of Alexandris-Ad miral Seymour Occupies the City-Our Marines Ashere-Arabi's Troops Iutrencked Close By-Details.

ALEXANDRIA, July 14 .- A force of marines occu-ALEXANDRIA, July 14.—A force of marines occu-pied Ros-El-Tin palace yesterday under orders from Admiral Seymour, and spiked the guns in six batteries opposite. The Khedive is now safe in his polace, with 700 marines as a guart. The Ad-miral is clearing the streets of the burning city as rapidly as he can, using Gailing guns to disperse the pillagers. There has been some sharp street fighting between the British sailors and marines and the Bedouins, but it occurred in spurts and was short-lived. No water can be obtained owing to the stoppage of the water-works. The British hold the center of the town, but are not in suffcient force to occupy all the streets, and as a con-sequence looting continues in quarters where they have not appeared. Some French ladies were among the fugitives rescued Thurday, as was also the Egyptian profect of police, who succeeded the Instigator of the June massacre. THE KHEDIVE'S PALACE WAS PLUNDERED

THE RHEDIVE'S PALACE WAS PLUNDERED shortly before the marines arrived, and a party of soldiers entered his private apartment, declaring they had orders to kill him and hurn the palace. After a long parley their fealty to him was bought by promises of money. Over two miles of fire is raging, and in the European quarter the only prominent buildings that have thus far escaped are the Angle-Egyplan bank and the court-house of the International Tribune. The streets are strewn with empty clock and jewel cases and similar debris. Two-thirds of the Egyplians deserted during the bombardment. During the operations of Wednesday a whole battainon of Arabs were blown up in one fort. The marines who apiked the guns of the several forts found filteen Arabstongs of the newest pattern, some of them disabled. Beneath one were seven dead Egyplans. One hundred and filty marines hold the arsenal gate, and 199 are posted at that of the coatom-house, having with them a Gatling gun. A crowd with a green flag pa seed down the principal street in the Arab quarter Thursday, shouting. The people are urged by the governor not to leave. BUT, BEING PANIC-STRICKEN,

lug. The people are urged by the governor not to leave.

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pay no heed to him. Refugees informed Admiral seymour that there are 0.000 Egyptian outside the city in position for attack. He has therefore ordered the city to be fred over in order to frighten the rioters. Six persons were massacred at the French, and both the English and French consulates were entirely destroyed. Some armed Europeans who escaped report the Egyptians Eilled as over 600. A party of Jolly blue-jackets landed at Fort Gabarri and spiked ninoteen guas in position. Yesterday the Monarch fired on and destroyed another battery. The Khedive, at 2 p. m. yesterday, issued a proclamation in Arabic, calling for order and commanding the troops to disband, after which he, with Devison Fasha, some of the ministers, and the Khedive's harem, embacked on board a vessel in the harbor. About 300 loyal troops follow him. The statement that Arabi has only about 4,000 demoralized troops with him is believed. About the time of the Khedive's proclamation 200 marines were detailed, with orders to scour the streets and shoot down all rioters. Shortly aforward the marine artillery occupied Fort Napoleon, commanding the town. During the afternoon Fort Marabout raised the Egyptian flag, but quickly lowered it on the approach of the mier harbor. Twenty-eight Frenchmen escaped the butchery. The number of persons massacred by the mob is estimated at 2,000.

TELEGRAPH STRAMER CHILTERN OFF ALEXANDRIA, July 14—8, p. in,—The marines, who have been patrolling, the town, embacked in the littlen this evening. A large party of British, assisted by men from neutral men-of-war, remain to keep order in the town to-night. It is again reported that Arabi Fac. a is outside the town with a strong force, but nothing absolutely certain is known concerning his movements.

The Khedive who, according to the latest accounts, was at the Ras-El-Tin palace, is in perfect safety.

safety.
London, July 14.—A despatch to Reuter's Telegraph Company from Alexaneria, sent at 9.15 this evening, says; "A strong body of men from the fleet, obised by pletachments from neutral satts, has gone ashoresto stop looting and incendiarism."

THE KHEDIVE'S COOLNESS. LONDON, July 15.—The News' correspondent at Alexandria telegraphs: "The Khedive's coolness and courage never left him during the crisis. The asilors have arrested the further progress of the flames at the Harem palace. Diplomatists are trying to establish with the Khedive the semblance of a ministry. The people cannot understand why the Americans, who can only muster a h nebul of marines, are invited to land men. An officer on shore has sent word to the ships that a hundred refugees on the Marino are clamering for food. Biscult is being sent them."

FLAGO OF TRUCK.

FLAGS OF TRUCE.

LONDON, July 15.—The Daily Telegraph has the sllowing: Alexandria, July 14, 7 p. m.—All the subject of the su Aratis are carrying white handerchiefs on sicks, and are showing great anxiety to be friendly. I found General Stone with the Khedive. The General confirms the report that Arabi Pasha had ordered the murder of the Khedive, and added that Arabi had ordered the sacking of the town before quitting it. Two Arab soldiers have been seized with plunder, and will be tried for pillaging. Several Arabs have also been arrested with a large quantity of loot in their possession.

seized with plunder, and will be tried for pillaging. Several Arabs have also been arrested with a large quantity of loot in their possession. The Americans have Landed Sixty Marines, under command of Captain Henry Clay Cochrane. There are still some Egyptian police on dury helping to maintain order. The entrances to the Rasci-Tin palace has been entirely destroyed. The court-yard and barracks are full of limbs and accountements. The base of the light-house is yery taily damaged. A European municipal official inform d me that Arabi Pa in ordered the firing of the town. The soldlers were the first to begin to plunder. Desertion from Arabi's army is rife.

London, July 14.—Reu. 7. Telegram Company has received the following dispatch from Alexandria: 19:39 p. m.—the saltors now occupy all the sates. They have teen ordered to disarm all a Idleria, and to shoot looters. The populace release in the continues with unabated fary.

London, July 15.—the correspondent of the Times elegraphs from Alexandria in the legraphs from Alexandria in the legraphs from Alexandria in the sates. They have teen ordered to disarm all selegraphs from Alexandria at noon: "I went is nor, to any. All evidences prove the truth of a crepar that the Egyption gunners were discussed by French and Italian artillerists."

London, July 15.—the Times correspondent on the Condor, off Alexandria, says women were seen fring hassa with perfoleum. The correspondent of the Times at Canstantinople telegraphs: "The connect of ministers at midmiss decided that efforts should be made to effect an arrangement of the Egyptian quanters at an arrangement of the France at Canstantinople telegraphs: "The connect of ministers at midmiss decided that efforts should be made to effect an arrangement of the Egyptian quanters at the Egyption gunners were discussed to the Egyptian quanters at the Egyption gunners were discussed to the Egyptian quanters at the Egyption gunners were discussed to the Egyptian quanters at the Egyption gunners were discussed to the Egyptian qu

Notes of the War.

Consul Cartwright telegraphed Mr. Gladstone that the Khedive had secured the loyalty of the caviry and infantry sent to waten him, and would summon the leading Pashas and endeavor to re-establish order in Alexandria. Gunboats have been ordered to accompany British marchait reasels through the Suez canal if deemed necessary. Sir Charles blike, under foreign secretary, said that Arabi Pasha fled from Alexandrian is boat by the canal, but it is not kn win whither. It is understood that his troops are dispersing.

kn ayn whither. It is interstoon that his toops are dispersing.

The London Temesanys: "By this last outrage Arnol Pasha has put himself outside the pale of humanity. He must be followed and his army dispersed. The British preparations are compl. to, and we are seady to carry out the will of Europe, if no other nation can be found to do the work. Should the Forte still hold back, Lord Dufferin will sate that Eog and is prepared to undertake the task, but will welcome the co-operation of any other government.

the task, but will welcome the co-operation of any other government."

The council of ministers in Constantinople broke up without adopting a definite resolution, but said Fasha visited Lord Dufferin, and it is understood that upon the latter statements the course of the Porte will depend.

Mustrus Fasha, the Turkish ambassador, telegraphed to the Porte that England is compelled to proceed vigorously against the Eyyptian rebels, but that the sovereign rights of the Suitan will be in ho way prejudiced thereby.

The report that the steamer Girnyon from China with a carge of itses is assioned in the Suez canal and being looted is entirely unfounded. No signs are yet apparent of any attempt to block the canal. The guideac fris has arrived at Fort Said, and flee with one breakide bearing on the town and the other upon an Egyptian corvette, commanded by one of Aribbi's others.

ing one of Anibi's officers as yether convette, commanded by one of Anibi's officers, and and they are expected to essent to a definite understanding in regard to Egypt.

The Admiralty propose to request Admiral Seymour to furnish a full report of the part taken by each ironcisd, with details of the working of each armament.

A Marsailles dispatch says that notwithstanding it is a national lete day, work will continue; on Friday at the Touton argumi.

The Wer Office has ordered intreaching tools to Egypt for the use of the first body of English requires that lands.

Pour bundred and fifty of the Household Cavalry leave England to-day one week. Destination unknown.

own. There are 420 British subjects, 500 Egyptian sol-ers, and 200 police at P. ri raid. Greece has expressed its Thiers to join with The Gorman corvette Nyman is has been ordered gyptian unified stock declined 3 yesterday in

Beath of an Old Printer and Journalist,

VIRGINIA NEWS. An Injunction Granted in Petersburg

A Norfolk Swindler. Nonrotz, July 14.-The report made to the cur

tom-house yesterday by a man representing himself as W. G. Johnston, master of the schooner John H. Morgan, alleged by him to have been sunk off the coast of Delaware by the Aspinwall steamship John Chauncey, is considered by subsequent events false, and Johnston himself is believed to be a notorious awindler, who has victimized the people of the towns along the coast by similar stories several times during the last seven years. He appeared here under different names in 1875, 1877, and 1879, and by a thorough knowledge of the coast and by a cunning and plausible story succeeded in swindling numbers of people. He left the city this afternoon by steamer for Newport News before the police authorities were approsed of his transducent acts and representations. succeeded in swindling numbers of people. He left the city this afternoon by steamer for Newport News before the police authorities were appraised of his fraudulent acts and representations.

Permanent, July it.—On petition of R. A. Martin, George H. Davis, H. T. Arrington, and others, representing the Bourbon Democratic party of this city, Judge S. S. Weisiger, of the circuit court, issued this afternoon an injunction restraining Emmitt W. Conon, the Readjuster city treasurer, and Frank R. Russell, the Readjuster city treasurer, and Frank R. Russell, the Readjuster of the city of the cleaning of the city and to the common council on the list of July last. A bend for \$1,000 was given by the petitioners, conditioned to pay all such costs as may be awarded against them and such damages as shall be incurred in case the injunction shall be dissolved. The injunction is issued on the ground that those appointed to office by the council on the list of July last are not logally elected officers. The injunction is made returns ble to the August rules, should Judge Weisiger refuse to dissolve the injunction the matter will be taken to the court of appeals to be held next November. Meanwhile nous of the officers elected by either council and now on duty derive any compensation from the city for services until the courts determine who are the legally-elected officers. Counsel representing the Readjusters will commence at once the preparation of papers looking to the dissolution of the injunction.

Election of Educational Officers. Sanarosa, N. Y., July 14.—The department of operintendence of the National Educational Association elected the following officers: President, N. A. Caikins, of New York; vice-president, H. R. Tarbell, of Indianapolis; secretary, H. S. Jones, of Erie, I'a.; member of the council of education, Henry S. Jones. The department of elementary schools met this afternoon, when the president, John M. Bloss, State superintendent of instruction of Indiana, delivered the inaugurat address. The department of higher instruction met, and in the absence of President J. W. Andrews, President Lemuel Moss, of the Indiana University, president Lemuel Moss, of the Indiana University, presided. The following officers were elected: President, W. W. Tolwell, of the University of Minnesota; secretary, Professor John H. Wight, of Dartmouth College: member of the national council, Aaron L. Chapin, president of Behit College, Wisconsin.

The officers elected by the National Educational Association are: Elit T. Tappan, of Ohio, president, W. E. Sheldon, of Massachusetts, secretary; N. A. Calkins, of New York, treasurer, and a vice-president and a councillor from each State in the Union, The joint associations adjourned sine die. ociation elected the following officers: Presi-

John Bright Resigns.

London, July 14.—The Press Association says it understands on the best authority that the Right Hou, John Bright hvs resigned his position in the

abinet.

LONDON, July 15.—Mr. Bright has been absent from the House during all the discussions on the Egyptian crisis. His resignation was generally expected on account of the language he has uniformly held on the subject of war and armed intervention in the affirirs of other countries.

The Daily News sales that the resignation of Mr. Bright was owing to his dissent from the government's Egyptian policy. "By resigning (says the News) Mr. Bright has been honorately true to the convictions of his whole life. He now finds the government committed to a course of action he government committed to a course of action he is unable to approve."

The Pennsylvania Independents. PHILADELPHIA, July 14.—Chairman Mckee, of the Independent Republican State Committee, is-used a call to-day for a meeting of that body in this city on Thursday, the 27th instant, to consider this city on Thursday, the 27th instant, to consider the four peace propositions submitted by the regular Republican committee, and which the Independent candidates, speaking for themselves alone, have rejected. Independents in this city say that the committee will doubless reject the propositions, and probably even refuse to sanction the sgreement of Candidates Stewart, Duff, Morrick, and Junkin to have a new convention, at which none of the present candidates on either ticket would be eligible for renomination.

The Texarkama Disaster.

Texarkana, July 14.—Nine more bodies were recovered from the ruins to-day. Almost all were burnt beyond recognition. Twenty bodies were burled this evening. Business houses were all closed and the citizens generally attended the funeral. Up to date twenty-eight bodies have been removed, and it is supposed a dozon others, who were in the fire thirty-six hours, were completely eremated. Several men are missing and presumed to be among the dead. The contract for removing the debris preparatory to rebuilding is let. Considerable damage was done to residences and property in this city. Some damage was done to corn, but no fatalities are reported in the country yet. The Texarkana Disaster.

Fell Dead in the Street.

PHILADELPHIA, July 14.—Mamie Cunningham was brought up in the police court to-day charged,

upon a warrant obtained by Edward M. Hastings. ipon a warrant obtained by Edward M. Hastings, a saloon-keeper, with being a street-walker. Hastings said that the girl was on the road to ruin, and as she has relatives of respectability residing in New York, he desired that she be taken rare of. He was pressed by the magistrate to state something more definite, but as he was unable to do so, the prisoner was discharged. She left the court room, and, as she reached the street, threw up her hands and fell dead on the pavement. An investigation will be made to-morrow.

Experimenting with Oysters.

Harryond, Conn., July 14.—Lieutement Wins-low, of the Navy, who is engaged in experimentlow, of the Navy, who is engaged in experimenting in the artificial propagation of cysters, this safternoon planted 10,990,090 young cysters in the New Haven harbor, upon a new hed. The cysters were two days old, and were contained in a four-quart pail filled with waver. The experiments are for the purpose of ascertaining at what time the young cyster must be put into the water to enable it to attach itself to the shells or other substances on the bottom. A party from the Yale Scientific School witnessed the experiment.

The President Going A-Fishin'. Elmina, N. Y., July 14.—A Pen Yan special says Elmina, N. Y., July 14.—A Pen Yan special says: "President Arthur requested Seth Green, of Rochester, to recommend to him a good place for a few days' fishing in the waters of New York State. Thereupon Mr. Green, who is superintendent of the State fish hatcheries, invited the President to accompany him to Grove Spring, Keuka Lake. They are expected there early in August."

British Rifle Team. part in the international match at Creedmoor will sail for New York in the steamer Alaska on the 26th of August. They will take up their quarters at the Garden City Hotel, Long Island. The scores so far made by the team are no criterion of their strength, as none of the mon will use the Martini ritle, but most of them will about with the Metford rifle.

MONTREAL, July 14.—Several extraordinary niracles are said to have happened at the ahring of St. Anne de Beaupre, by which the deaf, blind

and lame were instantly cured of their infimities. Hundreds of pilgrims are resorting to the variou other shrines in this province. Great number are coming from the United States.

TELEGRAPHIC TWISTINGS. -Three desperadoes were killed in Squara the

eas burned Thursday night. George Braidon was killed by sunstroke at Ber-inda Hundreds, Va., yesterday.
 Fifty-one families of Russian refugees from Phil-

delphia sailed via New York for Europe yesterday — William Weston and son Frank were killed and orribly mangled by a railroad train near Marsheld, lass., Thursday. -The people of Nebraska are arranging for a vigor

one prohibition campaign. The liquor men are hopeful of beating the measure in the legislature.

—In the recent Kithess storm the destruction was complete wherever the cloud's struck. Several tad accidents and great damage to grain are reported.

—One hundred and twenty-one failures reported this week against 100 last week. The Southern and Eastern States make a smaller showing than usual, —Four of the Italians injured by the blast near Milton, N. Y., Thursday, were sent to St. Joseph's hos-pital. The Italian water-boy and Fennemore will ier Callahan will recover. die: Callahan will recover.

-The Advertiser office-C. J. Walker, loss, \$6,000, insured, \$1,001; Henry Rose, boots and shoes, \$4,000, insured, \$1,000; T. S. Prosser, dry goods, \$25,000 (parity saved), insured, \$10,000 and V. William Shorish, stores, \$8,9.9, insured, \$4,000-were burned at Fayetic, Mo.,

18.00. insured, \$4,000-were burned at Payette, Mo., the fable instant. Incendiary.

-W. E. Stephens, hardware store: Creighton Bross, general goods: William Forham, jeweiry: M. Gibson, saddlery; Mrs. Shaw, Incoy goods: G. T. Miller, boots and shoes: D. E. Boble, insurance office: H. Wille, butcher alog, and the residences of Mrs. McConfly, M. Gibson, and Mrs. Bond, of Owen Scond, were increed yesterday morning. Total loss, \$60.00. A special meastle proclaims the counties of Cavan,
Leitrin, Longford, Westineath, Silgo, Rescemeno,
Mayo, Tipperary, Kithenny, Waterford, Limerick,
Core, Clare, Kerry, Louth, and Dublin, the chits of
Limerick, Cork, Waterford, Rikenny, Dublin, London-derry, Guiway, and Drogheda, and two baronies
in Monaghan and two in Armsch, under the repression act. CONFLAGRATIONS.

GREAT DESTRUCTION OF PROPERTY.

Iwo Big Fires in New York City-Upwards of Half Million Dollars' Worth of Material Destroyed-Losses and Insurance-Raging Fires Elsewhere.

New York, July 14.-The upper floors of the large cotton warehouse embracing Nos. 15 to 25, Whitehall street, stretching from Stone to Bridge streets, and extending back ninety feet in these streets, were gutted by fire this evening. The loss falls chiefly upon the individual storers of cotton. falls chiefly upon the individual storers of cotron, who number more than thirty, and who are well covered by insurance. The aggregate loss on stock is put at \$00,000. The building was damaged \$20,000, and the office furniture of a dozen commission merchants several thousands of dellars, making the total loss about \$50,000. One fireman was injured by broken glass. The building was five stories high and known as the "Kemble warehouses," owned by the Goelet Brothers, who are said to have paid \$213,000 for the property. The ground floor is used for offices, and the four upper stories are subleased by the lessee, A. L. King, to Waiter Nichols, Jr., as a storage place for cotton and general merchandise. His stock was very small, hence the comparatively rlight loss, only about 1,600 bales of cotton, 250 of hops, and a small, quantity of wool being in the building. It was impossible to procure the names of the owners of these goods. The buildings adjoined the new Produce Sachange, now in process of erection on the next block.

New YORK, July 14.—A five broke out this erening in the third story of the buildings Nos. 243 to 247 Fearl street, and threatened a serious conflagration. The fire engines being at the fire in Whitchall street, engines out of the district had to be called. The buildings are five-story brick structures. No. 247 is occupied by the Charles M. Cornwell Empire Lithographic and Eegraving Company, which company also occupies the three upper stories of 243 and 245. Their loss is \$50,000, supposed to be fully covered by insurance. William Eggerta Co., dealers in leas-tobacco, first floor of 215, were damaged \$7,000 by water, and fleey, Duubleday & Co., occupying the first floor of 245, were damaged \$7,000. The building, owned by Charles M. Cornwell, was damaged \$9,000; insured. Other tensus suffered slight damage. The fire is supposed to have originated from spontaneous combustion. During the progress of the fire trains on the Elevated road stopped running. who number more than thirty, and who are well

the progress of the fire trains on the Elevated road dopped running.

New York, July 14.—The soap factory of the Holbrook Manufacturing Company, Nos. 418 to 124 Washington street and Nos. 59 to 63 Vestry street, nine stories high, was burned to-night. The building was but a shell, worth about \$10,000. The loss on stock is \$100,000; insured for about \$75,000.

75,000.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., July 14.—Trinity Reformed furch was damaged by fire to-night to the exent of \$5,000; insured.

PHILADELFIIIA, July 14.—A fire to-night about 12 clock destroyed the oil house of M. L. Shoemarck Co., Venango street and Delaware avenue, oss, \$25,000; fully insured.

Archery Tournament.
CHICAGO, July 14.—The archery tournament of he national association concluded with a grand ecial shoot this afternoon. With 72 arrows at 60

the national association concluded with a grand special shoot this afternoon. With 72 arrows at 69 yards Mrs. Gibbs made 44 hits, 179 score; Mrs. Nash, 32 hits, 115 score; with 90 arrows at 30 yards Mrs. Monson made 89 hits, 601 score; Mrs. Dennison, 80 hits, 376 score; Mrs. Carver, 86 hits, 486 score; with 96 arrows at 89 yards H. S. Taylor made 67 hits, 277 score; W. A. Clark, 89 hits, 11 score; with 120 arrows at 40 yards R. Williams, jr., made 119 hits, 803 score; D. A. Nash, 120 hits, 778 score; W. H. Thompson, 117 hits, 741 score; J. Wilkinson, 118 hits, 786 score.

CHICAGO, July 14.—The archery lournament closed with team shooting for national trophics. For the gentlemen's contest for teams of four, 96 arrows each, 40 yards, seven teams entered. The trophy, a silver bugle was won by the College Hill team, of Cincinnati, with a total score of 1,433. The team was composed of C. R. Wild, Adam Grey, W. A. Clark, and C. P. Upson. The next best score, 1,255, was made by the Chicago North Side team. For the ladies' team trophy, teams of three, 72 arrows each at 49 yards, four teams contested. The trophy was won by the College Hill team of Cincinnati, composed of Miss Morrison, Mrs. Wild, and Mrs. De Golyer, with a score of 874. The second place was won by the Highland Park team, with a score of 669.

Brighton Beach Baces. BRIGHTON BEACH, July 14.—First race—two-ear-olds, five-eighths of a mile. Pilot won; arrie G, second. Time, 1:04. Mutuals paid 200.95. Second race-one and one-eighth miles. Monauk won; Traveler second, Time, 1:56. Mutuals

tauk won: Traveler second, Time, 1506. Status paid \$30.25.

Third race—all ages, two miles. Malise won. Time, 3:35½. Mutuals paid \$9.50.

Fourth race—handicap, all ages, mile heats. L. B. Sprague won first heat; Governor Hampton second. Time, 1:44½. Governor Hampton won the second heat; Edwin A. second. Time, 1:46. L. B. Sprague won the third heat and race. Time, 1:46. L. B. Sprague won the third heat and race. Time, 1:47½. Mutuals paid \$13.25 on the race, \$12.45 after the first heat, and \$8.90 after the second. Fifth race—one and one-fourth miles. Ingomar Fifth race—one and one-fourth miles. Ingomar

Saratoga Races. Saratoga, July 14.—First race, purse \$350, of

which \$50 to second horse, entrance free. The race was won by Ada Glenn, Lutestring second, and Perplex third. Time, 1:50. French pools paid 316.10. Post odds 2 to 1 against winner.
Second race, a sweepstakes of \$39 each, p. p.,
with \$66 added, of which \$100 to the second horse,
one mile and five furiones; Ella Warfield won,
Nettie second. Time, 3:01. French pools paid
\$61.70. 61.70.
Third race, three-quarters of a mile; Saunterer von. Time, 1:13-2. French pools paid \$9.90.
Fourth race, one and one-eighth miles; Boat-nan won. Time, 2:03. French pools paid \$90.20.

PITTSBURG, PA., July 14 .- Last day of the sum mer meeting at Homewood Driving Park. First race purse \$2,000, for 2:20 class: Early Rose, 1, 1, 1; Driver, 2, 2, 3; William H., 3, 3, 2, and Leonine, 4, 4. Time, 22134, 22234, 222
Second race, pacing race, purse 81,000, for 2:55 class: Bay Jim, 3, 4, 2, 1, 1, 1; Princess, 4, 1, 1, 2, 2
2; Folix, 1, 2, 7, 3, 3, 3; Eddie D., 2, 3, 6, 7, 6, r. o., Rostraver, 5, 7, 4, 5, 5, r. o.; Captain Jack, 6, 6, 5, 4, 4, r. o., and Estella, 7, 5, 3, 6, drawn. Time, 22144, 2:2534, 2:2014, 2:2014, 2:2014, 2:2014, 2:2014

More Deaths from Toy Pistols PROVIDENCE, R. I., July 14.—In Centerdale last night James-McAllister, aged 15, died of lockjaw alike cause.

Wordstree, Mars., July 14.—Rufas Shaw, of Westboro, If years old, died last night from lock-jaw, the result of a toy-pistol wound.

PORTLAND, Mr., July 14.—Ex-Councilman Goodwin's son John, aged 14, died to-night of lock-jaw, resulting from a toy-pistol wound.

Base-ball Games Yesterday At Baltimore—Cincinnati, 6; Baltimore, 0. At Philadelphia—Athletic, 5; Eclipse (of Louis ville), 4. Philadelphia, 3; Troy, 5. At New York—Bostons, 7; Metropolitan, 4. At Chicago—Chicago, 23; Deiroit, 4.

A Whale Ashere.

Long Branch, N. J., July 14.—A small black whale, fifteen feet long and weighing two tons, drifted ashere at Moumouth Beach to-day. Several thousand persons have viewed it. Mrs. Foster's Speech.

A large audience assembled at Masonic Temple (main hall) last evening to hear the address of

Mrs. J. Ellen Foster, of Iowa, on "Prohibition and the Passage of the Amendment to the State Consti-tution," voted on by the State and carried June 27. thining, voted on by the State and carried June 27. The meeting was presided over by Mrs. Clars L. Roach, the president of the Women's Christian Temperance Ucion, the opening prayer made by Rev. Dr. Greene, and Scriptures read by Rev. S. M. Hartsock. Mrs. Roach, in a lew very appropriate remarks, introduced the speaker, who was greeted with immense applause. She gloke for more than an hour, hadding her audience in rapt attention, who were charmed by her cloquence and sirred by her cultusiasm. She explained the great difference between constitutional and statutory law, and told how, step by step. the State had been educated up to convictions which led thom to east their ballots for prohibition, giving 35,000 majority. The homes and the earnost women and the dear children all worked that day, and "God, and home and native land secured the victory." The speaker was many times interrupted with apparate, in clear and paturesque and foreible style she set the whole cantest like a drama before the assembly. At the close of her address a large portion of the audience pressed forward to the platform and greeted her with their congratulations over the triumph, which was the result of the most thorough organization. The meeting was presided over by Mrs. Clara L.

Army Orders,

An important order was issued by the War Department Thursday discontinuing the military department of West Point from August 29. General Wesley Merritt, colonel Fifth Cavalry, will relieve General O. O. Howard as Superintendent of the West Point Academy. General Howard will take command of the military division of the Platta in place of General George Crock. After the 20th of August the General George Crock. After the 20th of August the General of the Army will have supervision of the Military Academy at West Point, and will make reports to the Sucretary of War. General Crock, on being relieved by General O. O. Howard, is assigned to the command of the Department of Arisons, to relieve Brevet Major-General Wilcox, colonel Twelfith Infantry. Upon being relieved, General Wilcox will report by telegraph to the commanding general, Department of the Platte, for assignment of his regiment to peaks. The officers above named will take the lepartment of West Point from August 20. Gen

THE FRIGATE BROOKLYN. Her Copper Destroyed in Ten Months

WASHINGTON, D. C., SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 15, 1882.

The Secretary of the Navy yesterday received a lable message from Rear-Admiral Pierce Crosty, commanding the South Atlantic station, dated at Commanding the South Atlantic station, dated at Rio de Janeiro, as follows: "Brooklyn docked; copper very much worn; many sheets entirely de-stroyed by corresion; entire new copper urgent; cost about \$25,000; request instructions." The stroyed by corresion; entire new copper upgent; cost atout \$25,000; request instructions." The dispatch excited the profound astonishment of Secretary Chandler and naval officers on duty at the Navy Department, as the Brooklyn was fitted out in the fail of 1881, after naving been thoroughly overhanded and reputed at the Brooklyn navy-yard (having been newly coppered), and was sent to the South Atlantic station as fingship to Rear-Admiral James II. Spotts, who died at the Falkland Islands. Secretary Chandler was at first undeceded what to do in the matter, but subsequently telegraphed to Rear-Admiral Crosby as follows: "Condition of copper astoniding and almost incredible. Repair at lowest possible costunder repossibilities of paragraph 9, page 81, regulations." The regulation referred to by Secretary Chandler is as follows: "Every officer is to avoid all unnecessary expenditure of public money or stores, and, as far as may be in his power, to prevent the same in others, and to encourage the strictest economy consistent with the interest of the service. All persons will be held answerable for any wasteful or improper expense that they may direct, authories, or knowingly permit.

SOCIAL INCIDENTS.

Master Lucien Young entertained a most pleasant party of fifty or sixty on board the speedwell. They went down the river as far as

pleasant party of fifty or sixty on board the Speedwell. They went down the river as far as Maryland Point and then returned, reaching the navy-yard about 8 o'clock p. m. Among those who participated in the excursion were Mrs. Senstor Williams, Mrs. Carlisle, Mrs. General Ricketts, Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Todd, Jurige and Mrs. Key, of Georgelown, and a large number of members of Congress and their wives. The Speedwell was under the command of Captain McRitchle.

Captain John L. Clem, U. S. A. has been ordered to the clothing depot at the Schuylkill arsenal, Philadelphia, as assistant to General Samuel R. Holabird, Assistant Quartermaster-General. Mrs. Clem is still at New Casile, Del., with her mother, Mrs. William H. French, and Captain Clem will thus be enabled to go home mearly every day. He will leave Washington to-day for his new post.

The marriage of Miss Bettle Evarts, daughter of Hon, William M. Evarts, to Mr. Edward Perkins, will take place August 2 at the summer residence of the bride's futher, Winsort, V.

Major James Ulio, lieutenant Second Infantry, is rejoicing over a young recruit who joined his family June 29, at Walla Walla, W. T. Major Ulio is stationed at Fort Spokam, in the same Territory.

A Gallant Rescue. James Gills, U. S. N., commanding the

Captain James Gillis, U. S. N., commanding the training-ship Minnesota, reports from Newport, R. I., that on the evening of July 19 (last Monday) the crew of his steam-launch rescued from drowning Mr. Ausen Phelps Stokes, of New York, two of his sons, and a sailor, who were out sailing in a small boat, which upset with them and ank to the bottom. The steam-launch of the Minnesota went to the assistance of the party and saved the four persons mentioned. Another sailor belonging to Mr. Stokes' party sank as soon as the boat capsized and did not rise again. The crew of the launch consisted of John W. Vigers, coxwain apprentice; Clinton H. Black and Michael Toole, scamen apprentice; Patrick McCarty, fireman, and Edward McCue, landsman. Captain Gillis says too much praise cannot be accorded to Coxswain Viggers for the prompt and intelligent manner in which he screed in the matter. Mr. Stokes has manifested his appreciation of the services rendered him by making the crew of the launch a present of \$500, which they were losh to accept, and only did so after first refusing any pecuniary roward, and when it was urged their acceptance by Mr. Stokes in a letter to Captain Gillis, a copy of which is inclosed in the report. Captain Gillis further recommends Viggers for a medal of honor.

Nominations for Congress.

Cincinnati, July 14.—The Gardie's Portsmouth,
Ohio, special says: "The eleventh district Republican Congressional convention continued pucican Congressional convention continued balloting without result until after the 252d ballot, when the names of Atkluson, Jones, and Neal were withdrawn. On the 36th ballot John W. McCormick was nominated."

NEW ALBANY, IND., July 14.—The Democratic Congressional convention for this district to-day nominated E. M. Stockslager for re-election.

KALAMAZOO, MICH., July 14.—At South Haven last night, between 7 and 10 o'clock, Mr. O. R. Foot, hat hight, between and 10 cclock, Mr.O. R. Foot, of the First National Bank of that place, and Miss Kittle Underwood, of Aurora, Ill., were drowned by the upsetting of a saliboat. There was great excitement, as both parties were very popular. Their bodies have not been recovered.

CAPITAL JOTTINGS.

J. H. COTTON, of Boston, has apartments at the M. A. KEITH, of Selms, Ala., is quartered at the DR. J. A. CABELL, of the National Board of Health,

R. F. PATTERSON, of Memphis, Teon., is registered

HON. GEORGE L. CLARK left last evening for his home at Plattsburg, N. Y.

James Elvenson, of the Philadelphia Saturday
Night, is quartered at Willard's. T. G. HENNESSY, of Philadelphia, and H. de Moireil have parlors at Wormley's.

ALBERT BIERSTADT, the famous artist, is at the Arlington Hotel on a visit from New York. COMMODORE WILLIAM T. TRUXTUN arrived at the Ebbitt House Thursday morning from Norfolk.

James L. Bradford, of New Orleans, and H. E. Mernfield, of Boston, are registered at Willard's.
FRED H. Wines, of Springfield, Mass., and F. A. Comicy, of Philadelphia, are stopping at the Riggs.

JOHN C. GRADY, of Philadelphia, and C. P. Davis

and B. F. Davis, of Cincinnati, are guests at the Riggs.
F. B. Baker, esq., editor and proprietor of the Topeka (Kan.) Commonwealth, is stopping at 312 In diana avenue.

EDWARD BAILEY, of Baltimore, and J. H. Hoff-

GEORGE C. Wood, of New York, and C. E. Welington, of North Bennington, Vt., are solourning a

WILLIAM G. GIBBONS, of Wilmington, Del., and C.

has been enjoying a European trip, has returned to Washington and been beartily welcomed by his

HON, S. C. POWEROV, ex-Senator from Kansas, is taking his meals at the E shitt House during the ab-sence of his family, but retains his quarters in his residence, No. 1339 K street. GENERAL HARRY WHITE, of Indiana, Pa., the

good-looking ex-Congressman, was here Thursday and yesterday, bringing good news of the political situation in the Keystone State. Marios William R. King, Corps of Engineers, U. S. A., arrived at the Ebblit Wednesday night from his station at Chattanoga, Teno., accompanied by H. T. Griscom and H. Clay Evans.

GENERAL JOHN W. TURNER, of St. Louis, formerly GENERAL JOHN W. TURNER, of St. LOUIS, formerly U. S. A., and Mr. John S. Gibbs, are at the Arlington Hotel. General Turner, who resigned in 1837, was chief of staff of the Army of the James in the campaign of 1861-3, and is now in business at St. Louis.

ADJUTANT-GENERAL RICHARD C. DRUM, GENERAL

AUGTANT-GENERAL RICHARD C DRUM, General George D. Ruggles, Colonel Sammel N. Benjamin, Major Azor H. Nickerson, and probably a number of other officers who participated in the battles at Anticiam in 1881, intend leaving here to-day to spend a few days in looking over that historic ground and renew old memories.

HON. W. N. ALMSTRONO, of Honolulu, excation-new-general of the Hawalian Islands, is at the Educaney-general of the Hawaiian Islands, is at the Edulit House for a few days. He is the son of a well-known missionary from New England to the Sandwich Islands (and was born there), and is a brother of eneral Armstroog, of the Hampton Normal Insti tute, near Factress Monroe.

United States before the American and Spanish Claims Commission, is in the city from New York to attend the session of the Commission to-day, which is the last day on which arguments can be filed. The Commission will probably wind up affairs by next New Year's. GENERAL JOSEPH H. GEIGER, of Columbus, Chic

is at the Ebbitt House. He is one of the most fa-mous of the stump speakers of the West in the old times, when Corwin, Ewing, Steedman, Long John now at the Ebbitt Home, was confirmed Thursday without opposition as collector of internal revenu for the fourteen counties of Northwestern Oblifor the fouriest consiles of Northwestern Obio known as the tenth collection district. Mr. Kumler is a prominent lawyer, is athorough Bepublican, and possesses a fund of ability, industry, and herve that will prove, as it has baretofare, of value to the party this fall in redeeming the Toledo Congressional dis-trict from the large Democratic majority saddled on it by the redistricting of the State.

A SHAMEFUL DEBATE

EXPENSES OF GARFIELD'S ILLNESS

Disgusting Discussion Brought on by Bourbo Democrats in the House Against the Payment of the Physicians and Others-Republicans Protest Against It.

The last amendment in the general deficiency bill before the House yesterday was that consti-tuting a board of awdit, consisting of the First and Second Comptrollers of the Tressary and the Treasurer of the United States, to whom shall be referred all claims and the determination of all allowances to be made growing out of the illness and burial of the late President, James A. Gar-

Mr. Blackburn, of Kentucky, opposed the Senate amendment. He argued that the Senate had no preper jurisdiction in the matter. It had been referred to a select committee, and that committee had made a majority and a minority report on the 18th of April last. He had on soveral occasions, but without avail, asked the chairman of that committee (Mr. Taylor, of Ohio) to call up the report for acion.

Mr. Paylor denied that he had ever been spoken to on the subject by the gentleman from Keulucky but twice, and on one of those occasions the request was not to call it up for ten days.

Mr. Blackburn reiterated his statement, and denied that he had ever asked to have the matter deferred. Criticising the Senate amendments, he said: If there was a surgeon in attendance on the President who deserved recognilion at the hands of Congress, why should Surgeon-General Barnes and Surgeon Woodward be excluded? They were not provided for in the Senate amendment. Among all the greedy horde of cormarants that had swarmed around the room of the select committe, a soulless coporation homed up and stood alone, as setutated by generous, patriotic, noble purposes. That was the Fennsylvania Rairroad Company, which had, after all the expense that it had lucurred in the trainsportation of the President and of all his attendants, absolutely refoxed to receive a dollar of congeniation. There was no mention in the Seates amended have a surface and the wood of the country of the president and of all his attendants, absolutely refoxed to receive a dollar of congeniation. There was no mention in the Seates amended has to do justice to all parties who rendered the claims of the doctors as frauds. And then the wood of the committee to the court where they belonged. He denounced the claims of the doctors as frauds. And he asked the House to instruct its conference committee and enjoyed to the surface and the claims of the doctors as frauds. And he asked the House to instruct to allow it to go through unless sommended as to do justice to all parties

Dr. Agnew or Dr. Hamilton was in attendance overy day.

Mr. Page—The facts were all before the commit-tee. The physicians refused to render any bill, or to ask any compensation from Congress. They re-insed to put any price on their services; and all that the committee had to do was to come to the insed to put any price on their services; and all that the committee had to do wis to come to the best understanding it could as to the amount that should be paid to the different persons. The committee did come to a conclusion, and its report is now awaiting action by the House. It ill becomes Congress to discuss the question as to whether it should relieve the family and estate of the late President by paying this money. If you pay it you have get to pay a sufficient amount that will be accepted by the physicians and others; otherwise they will present their bills to the estate. I do not desire to reply to the remarks of the gentleman from Kentucky (Mr. Blackburn) as to the surgeons. They need no defense from me. But I ask permission to have printed in the Record some letters from the Secretary of War, the Secretary of the Navy, and leading physicians in foreign countries.

Mr. O'Neill, of Pennsylvania stated to a

the Navy, and leading physicians in foreign countries.

Mr. O'Neill, of Pennsylvania, stated two reasons why the House should not concur in the Senaie amendment. These were that it made no recognition of the services of Dr. Purvis and Dr. Townshend (the surgeous who were the first to reach the President after the shooting) or of Dr. Lamb, who made the autopsy.

Mr. Springer, of Illinois, said that if only \$55,000 were allotted to the doctors there would be a more unseemly quarrel over the division than there had been over Guiteau's body. One of them had claimed \$25,000 for its own share. The report of the select committee recommended \$55,000 for the physicians. There was no evidence of extraordinary skill on their part. On the cottrary, it had been stated that a pus cavity had been treated for sevenity-nine days as the track of the builet, which cavity was itself the result of malpractice. It had also been tharged that certain wall street brokers had been kept advised by cipher telegrams of the condition of the President, the information being different from that in the public builetins.

It had also been stated that the chief physicians, and this same doctor now asked for that mais practice \$25,000. He closed with a quotation from Shakspeare—"Pardon me, thou bleeding place of earth, that I am meck and gentle with these butchers."

Mr. Hiscock advocated concurrence in the Sen-

from Shakspeare—Parton me, thon bleeding piece of rearth, that I am meck and gentle with these butchers."

Mr. Hiscock advocated concurrence in the Senate amendment. He was opposed to this discussion of this matter. The country should not be treated to such a scene. It was not a sightly thing to have members of Congress discussing the merits of physicians or the medical treatment of the dead President. He doubted whether the sum mentioned in the Senate amendment would be satisfactory, but perhaps it would be accepted.

Mr. Dynned, of Minnesola, advocated an increase of the sum mentioned in the Senate amendment, and insisted that the settlement of the matter ought to originate in the House, of whice Mr. Garneld had been so long a momber. They ought to have respect for the memory of the dead President and put an end to this thing in a manner disputsed, and in harmony with the sentiment of the people. The settlement likelr should be a monument to the memory of the great dead.

Mr. Williams, of Wisconsin, appealed to the House by the memory of the man who had sat in that seat pointing to Mr. Garleld's former seat, by the position which he held, by the agony which be suffered, by the trial upon his widow and children, to increase the amount of the ameniment, as suggested by Messrs, Taylor and Townsend, and let there be no more wrangling about it.

Mr. McCook, of New York, said that if Congress

amendment, as augusted by Messrs, Taylor and Townsend, and let there be no more wringling about it.

Mr. McCook, of New York, said that if Congress falled to make proper provision for the payment of these claims the same generous people of New York who had already made provision for President Garfield's widow and children would see to it that these expenses were laid to the last dollar. Mr. Lane, of Suryland, opposed the amendment because it proposed no recognition of the services of Surgs.n.General Barnes and Surgeon Woodward. The one should be pieced on the retired list as major-general, and the other should be given the brevet and of colonel.

The discussion was continued by Messis, Townsend of Ohio, Tucker of Virginia, Springer of Illinois, Illsrock of New York, Bacchurn of Kentucky, McCook of New York, Brags and Williams of Wisconsin, and Knott of Kennicky, and various amendments were offered and rejected.

In the sourse of the discussion Mr. Kasson, of Iowa, made a motion to close the debate, saying. "Let the dead rest in peace."

Mr. Brags, of Wisconsin, asked Mr. Taylor, of Ohio, whether it was a fact (as he had seen stated in the newspapers) that a communication had been received by the select committee requesting payment of the expenses of the militia of Ohio for attendance at the flueral.

Mr. Taylor replied in the negative, and said that the statement was the result of a missake on his own part. He had found, on further-gexamina-

Mr. Taylor replied in the negative, and said that the statement was the result of a mistake on his own part. He had found, on further examination, that the communication was from the Secretary of War concerning another mints matter.

Mr. Bragg—Was not payment recommended by the governor of this?

Mr. Taylor—No, sir; it was my own mistake.

Mr. Bragg—Then I regret that such a statement of the chairman should have found its way into the public newspapers, only to be corrected now.

Mr. raylor—So many things of that kind have occurred that they are no annoyence to me.

Finally about 3 o'drock the vote was taken, and the senate amendment was nonconcurred in—yeas, 78; mays, 55.

Governor Alavardo Bead. SAN FRANCISCO, July 14.—Juan B. (Alayardo, governor of California from 1836 to 1843, died at San Pablo yesterday, aged 78,

EX-GOVERNOR ALEX. SHEPHERD. Talk With John Young About Matter

Mr. John Young, who for the past two years has been at the Ratoplias mines, in Mexico, with Gov-ernor Alexander R. Shepherd, dropped into The REPUBLICAN office yesterday, and was heartily greeted. He has changed very little in appear-ance save that he has been somewhat browned by the torrid rays of a tropical sun, and the out-door work he has done has given his flesh a firmer and

ance save that he has been somewhat browned by the torrid rays of a tropical sun, and the out-door work he has done has given his flesh a firmer and harder look.

"How is the Governor?" was the first question put to him after the greetings were over.

"Oh, he is in spiendid condition," was the reply. "Not quite so heavy as when he left there, but fully as virorous and perfectly well. You have no idea of the great work the tovernor has accomplished since he left Washington, It was nearly as great an undertaking as when he commenced the improvements in this city, and the changes have been nearly as great.

"Toll us how you live down there."

"The lactenda where the main headquarters are was a rambling series of buildings on two sides of a quadrangle, but the tovernor has put them all in repair, and his own residence is quite comfertable. The small wall which inclosed the buildings is still there, but in order to prevent the river from doing any damage when it rises, as it sometimes does, he has built a wall close to the river from doing any damage when it rises, as it sometimes does, he has built a wall close to the river from doing any damage when it rises, as it sometimes feet high, and varies in thickness from three feet at the base to one foot at the top. I suppose the red wall will be taken down, and then, of course, we will have much more room."

"Didn't the Governor build a bridge across the Batoplias River?"

"Yes, he did make a bridge which was of great convenience, and which was supposed to be strong, but the river rooe, and one pier testing undermined, the whole structure was sweet away."

"What works have you in operation how?"

"Well, we have twenty stamps, eight pans, and six concentrators, and they are kopt going night and day."

"How did you get your machinery there."

"By rail as are as possible, and then by muleback. It was unny to see a little mule leaded down with a big piece of casting on his back that reached from his head to his tail; but that's the only method of transportation for about—w

now?"
"Oh, they vary as the necessities occur, sometimes two hundred and sometimes not so many."
"How many mines is the Governor Interested

"How many mines is the Governor Interested in?"

"I don't know in how many he is interested, but there are seven or eight that are now being worked, and all are doing well. There is one at Charuss, where my brother Sam and Billy Hoffman are, which is doing excellently. But you have no idea of the work that has been done in order to bring things to their present system. The old Mexican methods have been entirely changed, and gradually we have secured our machinery, until now everything is in good order."

"How many Wasningtonians have you down there?"

"I' don't know that I can remember all, but there is Dr. Ross and his wife, William H. Hoffman, Charles W. Cunningham, Lyuden H. Stevens, Samuel G. Young, Ned Maunder, Howard Nyman, Shep Merchant, Jorgenson, and I don't call to mind the others just now. Hoffman's family were there for a while, but they have returned."

"Is the living good?"

"Yes, fair. We have pretty good beef, but they don't know how to kill it. We keep healthy, anyway."

"How does Mrs. Shopherd stand the climate?

don't know how to kill it. We keep heatthy, anyway."

"How does Mrs. Shopherd stand the climate?

"Splendidly. She has adspect herself theroughly to the circumstances, and everyone is devoted to her."

"What do you do for amusements?"

"We don't have many except what we furnish
ourselves. You see the Governor has a plane and
we have several who can sing, and so we have
some very pleasant times."

"Didn't the Governor's energy and vigorous
way of doing things rather surprise the Mexicans?"

way of doing things rather surprise the Mexi-cans?"

"At first they were utterly amazed at him. They are not a vigorous people, you know, and I don't suppose they had ever seen any man with the energy and push that the Governor has. They have got used to him now, however, and they think a great deal of him."

"Is the Governor going to make us a visit this year?"

"Is the Governor going to make us a visit this year?"

"I think he has got things in such perfect shape now that when Mr. Stevens thoroughly understands them he will try and come on. Possibly about next October."

"How long shall you stay in the States?"

"I don't know exactly. I have several things to do and don't know how long they will occupy my time."

With the parting remark that when the Governor did come to Washington he would receive a

nor did come to Washington he would receive welcome warmer and more sincere than was eve extended to any clitzen the representative of THE REPUBLICAN allowed Mr. Young to depart. SUMMER RESORT NOTES.

CHIEF ENGINEER HENRY MASON, retired, U. S. N. d Mrs. Mason, are at Block Island JOHN RANDOLPH, of the Court of Claims, present recreating in the White Mountains. HON. ROBERT R. HITT, ex-Assistant Secretary State, and Mrs. Hitt, have gone to Newport for the

family, has located at Island Heights, N. J., for the Manufaxt, Dispution Grounds Manually softend

until September. Major F. Edgar, U. S. A., and Mrs. Edgar, who were here at the Ebbitt House last week, have

gone to Los Angeles, Cat. MRS. ORIE PEIRCE, with her friend, Miss Lou-Scholl, left vesterday for an extended Northern trip by way of Watteins Glen, Niagara Fails, &c. Major William P. Huxpond, captain (refired), U. S. A., has gone to Vineyard Haven, Mass., with his family. Major Huxford is employed by the

Gas Company here. MRS. WINFIELD SCOTT HANCOCK, wife of General Hancock, has gone to Saratoga for the summer. She is accompanied by her mother and brother, Mrs. Russell and Mr. Russell. DR. BELL, editor of the Sanitarian, and one of

the highest authorities on vital statistics, says that Schooley's Mountain Springs is the healthiest place known to scientists at the present day. Mrs. E. S. Lacry, wife of the talented and hand on her infant son deterred her from remaining in

the city longer. MR. HARRY RAPLRY, accompanied by his brother, Mr. Handolph Rapley, leave this morn-ing for Atlantic City. They will return Monday, bringing their sister, Miss Florence Rapley, who has been spending several weeks at the sea shore, Ar a dinner given by Commodore Charles H. Baidwin, U. S. N., on Wednesday, at their New-Baidwin, U. S. N., on Wednesday, at their New-port cottage, each lady was presented with an elegant fan of Jacqueminot and Marcchal Neil roses and maiden's hair ferns, while the goule-men were decorated with quaint boutonnieres.

Elections, in charge of the Misrouri contested election case of Sessinghaus against Frest, held another meeting yesterday, but did not dispose of the case. The full committee of the House Com-mittee on Elections will meet on Tuesday next,

Miss Ella Strucus, the dark-eyed daughter of

Court, returned to San Francisco, from Oregon late in June. His stay among his friends in the North was shorter than originally intended. In company with Mrs. Field he will summer at various attractive resorts on the Pacific coast, re-turning to Washington in October or November, before the beginning of the next term of the Su-

mander Lewis Cark, Commander Charles V. Gridley, Mrs. Gridley, and Miss Gridley, Lieutenant-Commander and Mrs. Edward M. Etdman, Lieutenant-Commanders George T. Davis and Royal B. Bradford, Mrs. Bradford, Major and Mrs. Edward Field, and Chaplain and Mrs. Henry H. Clark. Besides the enamed, nearly all of the Arway and New Officer.

CHIPS AND SPLINTS

FROM GOVERNMENT WORKSHOPS.

Confirmation of Commissioner West and Others-Cabinet Session-Appointments-Bills Approved-Contracts Awarded-Committee Work of Both Houses.

The Treasury Department has purchased 194,093 unces of silver for delivery at the mints.

The President has signed the commission of J.

A. J. Creswell, of Maryland, as counsel on behalf of the United States before the French and Ameri-an Claims Commission.

The receipts from internal revenue yesterday vers 5505 562 at any ferom to the country of the

The receipts from internal revenue yesterday were \$508,004.33, and from customs, \$814,988.27. The national bank notes received for redemption yesterday amount to \$368,000.

Attorney-General Brewster is slightly indisposed, and has not been able to perform his efficial duties for several days. He did not attend the Cabinet meeting yesterday.

It is said that Secretary Teller will, after to-day, order that the interior bepartment be closed each afternoon at 3 o'clock during the heated term, as is done in all the other departments.

To-day is the last day for the filling of claims before the Spanish-American Claims Commission. fore the Spanish-American Claims Commission, A large number of petitions were filed yeaterday. The Commission will hold its next meeting Octo-ber 2.

The Cabinet meeting yesterday did no business

the Cabinet meeting yesterday did no business of importance. In answer to an inquiry by the President, the Secretary of State said his department had no further news of the situation in Alexandria, Egypt, than had already appeared in the newspapers.

The Senate in executive session yesterday confirmed the following nominations: John R. West to be a Commissioner of the District of Columbia; William W. Spudling, to be a receiver of public money; and John Cary, to be register of land office at Duluth, Minn. There was a roll call on the question of confirming the nomination of exsenator West as District Commissioner. The vote resulted—yeas, 30; nays, 21. A strict parity vote of Republicans against Democrats. The discussion preceding the vote was very brief, and turned upon the nominee's political record in Louislane. The House Commisce Pereign Affairs has considered, without conclusion, the pending propositions to refer to the Court of Claims for further hearing and adjudication the Venezuelan awards of the mixed commission organized under the treaty of 1866.

Congressman Neal, of Obio, who was reperted

the treaty of 1826.

Congressman Neal, of Ohio, who was reported as having arrived at Portsmouth, Ohio, to participate in the district Republican Congressional convention, was in his seat in the House yesterday. He says he has no intention of leaving Washington until Congress adjourns.

The House Committee on Commerce has discussed as the convention of the convention of the contract of the convention of t

rected a favorable report to be made to the House on Representative Ellis's bill granting right of way for laying conduits, &c., ten feet under the waters of Lake Fonchartenin, for the purpose of connect-ing its northern shores with the city of New Or-leans. Bids were opened in the office of Supervising

Architect Hill Friday for fire-proof shutters for the post-office and subtreasury extension, Boston Mass., as follows: Chency & Hewlet, of New York, 341,237; John W. Hoyt, of Springfield, Mass., 837, 565, and George L. Damon, of Boston, \$22, 565. The contract will be awarded to the lowest bidder.

contract will be awarded to the lowest bidder.

Ostahama Payne had an interview with Secretary Telier yesterday morning. The Secretary informed him that should be violate law in attempting an incursion into Indian Territory, as he intimated be would do, he would immediately be arrested. Mr. Payne left confident that the Secretary would carry out this threats, and so his predicted raid in the Indian Territory for the present, at least, is absorbed. Mr. Cameron, of Pennsylvania, yesterday introduced a joint resolution making it a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of \$560 and dismissal from office, for any officer of the United States government—civil, military, or naval—to make any dis-remination in favor of or against any school of medical practice, or its legal diploma, or its duly graduated members, in the examination or ap-pointment of candidates for medical service in any department of the government.

Knough replies have been received to teleg ams Knough replies have been received to teleg ams which were sent to absent members of the House to warrant the belief that a quorum of Republicans, Republican Greenback, and Independent Representaives will be present on Tursday next. Members of the Republican caucus committee on the order of business said last night that should such quorum be in attendance the South Carolina contested election case of Small vs. Tillman will probably be taken up for consideration.

probably be taken up for consideration.

Colonel Seaton, the Commissioner of the Tenth Census, has just issued Forestry Bulletin, No. 18, which gives the timber supply of New Hampshire and Vermont. In these States the original white plue forests are practically exhausted, but of the second growth about 106,000,000 feet were cut in 1879-89, the census year. The supply of black spruce is estimated at about 2,255,000,000 feet. The bulletin gives a colored chart showing the relative distribution of the timber supply in both States.

A meeting was held last evening at the rest-dence of Hon. R. Guenther, chairman of the House Sulcommittee on Commerce, between the repre-Sulcommittee on Commerce, between the representatives of the various ocean steamship lines, headed by Mr. Schwab, of New York, and the advocates of the new bill regulating the carriage of passengers by sea introduced by Hon P. V. Deuster in lieu of the one recently vetoes by the President. An understanding was arrived at, the steamship lines accepting some modifications of the provisions herefore objected to by them, and the bill will be reported back favorably today.

The conference committee on the legislative, executive, and judicial appropriation bill met yesterday afternoon, but failed to reach an agree-ment on the section of the bill which proposes to transfer the Army records of soldiers from the custody of the Surgeon-General to that of the Adcusiody of the Surgeon-General to that of the Ad-jurant-General—the section which proposes an equalization of the sataries of the employes of the House and Senate, and the section which grants to the Secretary of the Navy for the use of his de-partment a portion of the south wing of the build-ing now occupied by the State Department. The House conferees will report their disagreement to the House conferees will report of that body upon the sections in controversy.

The Committee on Commerce has directed adverse reports to be made to the House on the fol-lowing bilis: Establishing a board of steamboat inspectors at Burtington, lows; proposing to in-crease the salaries of local inspectors of steam vessels at New London, Cann; to create a discrict for the inspection of hulls and believe of steam vessels at New Havon; proposing to attach to the district of each supervising inspector a line officer not below the ginde of licutenant-com-mader to visit the vessels of the respective dis-tricts once in every three months, and a bill pro-viding for the appointment of assistant inspectors of steam vessels in a manner similar to the ap-pointment of local tospectors, requiring them to give Londs, giving than like powers, de.

The subcommittee of the House Committee on Elections, in charke of the Missouri contested Miss ELLA STUDIES, U. S. A., is at 8 ratioga when it is thought that the contested election General Samuel D. Sturgis, U. S. A., is at 8 ratioga with the family of Colonel Bridgland, and from there will accompany them on a tour to the Thousand Islands, down the St. Lawrence, and to other favorite summer resorts. The party will be gone until September.

Mrs. D. B. Ainorr, accompanied by her daughters, Luiu and Jessic, leaves for Aurora, Md., this morning. This mountain resort is twelve mites from Oakland, and has three hundred feet higher elevation, and is exclusively patronized by Washington becopie. Later in the season Mrs. Ainger will extend her visit to Ohio and Michigan, Justick Strephes J. Firld, of the Supreme Court, returned to San Francisco, from Origon lets in June. His stay among his friends in the The Suprate Appropriations Committee reported when it is thought that the contested el-The Squate Appropriations Committee reported

the House Naval appropriation bill back to the Senate yesterday with a number of amendments. company with Mrs. Field he will summer at various attractive resorts on the Paclific coast, returning to Washington in October or November, before the beginning of the next term of the Supreme Court.

Mrs. Georook B. Dandy, wife of General Dandy, Quartermaster's Department, arrived at St. Paul last Monday, with her child from St. Louis, and will spend the summer along the Minnesota takes. General Dandy and his family only recently arrived at St. Louis from Fort Vancouver, W. T., where he was chile quartermaster of the Department of the Columbia, under command of General Nelson A. Miles.

Captain James Gillis, U. S. N., and Mrs. Gillis gave a grand reception on board the frigate Minnesota, at Newport, Wednesday afternoon, in honor of their fair guest, Miss Eila Thompson, U. S. N. Among the many guests that throughed the decks of the gallant old frigate were General and Mrs. Albion P. Howe and daughters, Captain and Mrs. Thomas O. Selfridge, jr., Commander Lewis Cark, Commander Schriff and Cark, Commander Lewis Cark, Commander Schriff and Cark, Commander Lewis Cark, Commander Schriff and Cark, Cark, Cark, Commander Schriff and Cark, Cark, Cark, Cark, Commander Schriff and Cark, Car The following are the principal changes: At least

Michigan Republican Association. in the chair. A motion was adopted indersing the action of the Congressional Committee is last ing its circular asking for snowcipiles. A some insite was appointed to inquire into the appor-tionment charged to the Fishe, and whether one is a votor or resident of the State. named, nearly all of the Army and Navy officers